

KARNATAKA URBAN GOVERNANCE ROUNDTABLE

Bengaluru | 31 August 2024

A CRITICAL REVIEW OF DECENTRALISED PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE IN CITIES OF KARNATAKA





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Shri Hardeep Singh Puri

Former Minister of Housing and Urban Affairs

Ward committees and area sabhas are the true embodiments of Swaraj. They are meant to represent the oft-overused, but rarely understood ideal of 'community' by exemplifying constructive teamwork between citizens, civic officials, and elected representatives... It is incumbent upon all of us to shape these agencies as effective instruments of local governance."

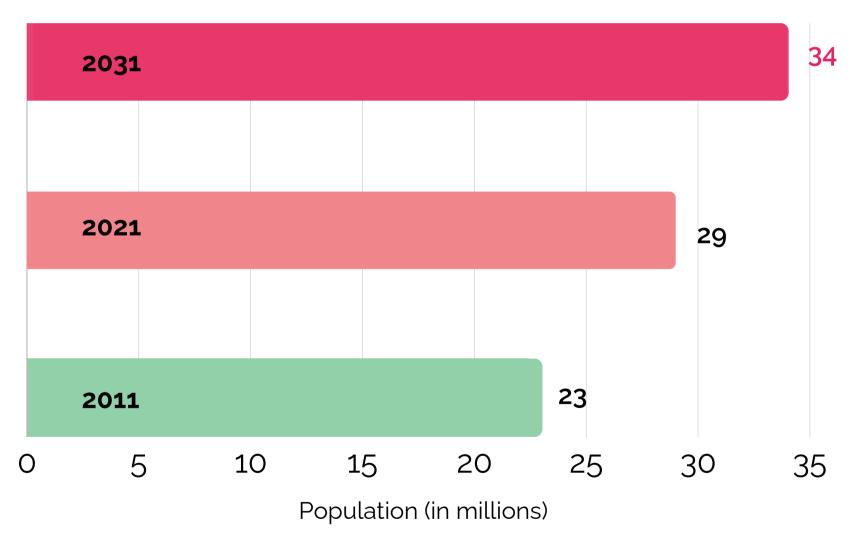


Shri Siddaramaiah

Chief Minister of Karnataka

The citizens, being tax payers, should be active participants in framing policies and should monitor the performance of the government. It is necessary to build channels between citizens and governments for decision-making; high standards of accountabilityand transparency should also be established to improve development outcomes."

Karnataka's Urban Population



Governed by:



Bengaluru Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike Act, 2020



City Corporations

Karnataka Municipal Corporations Act, 1976

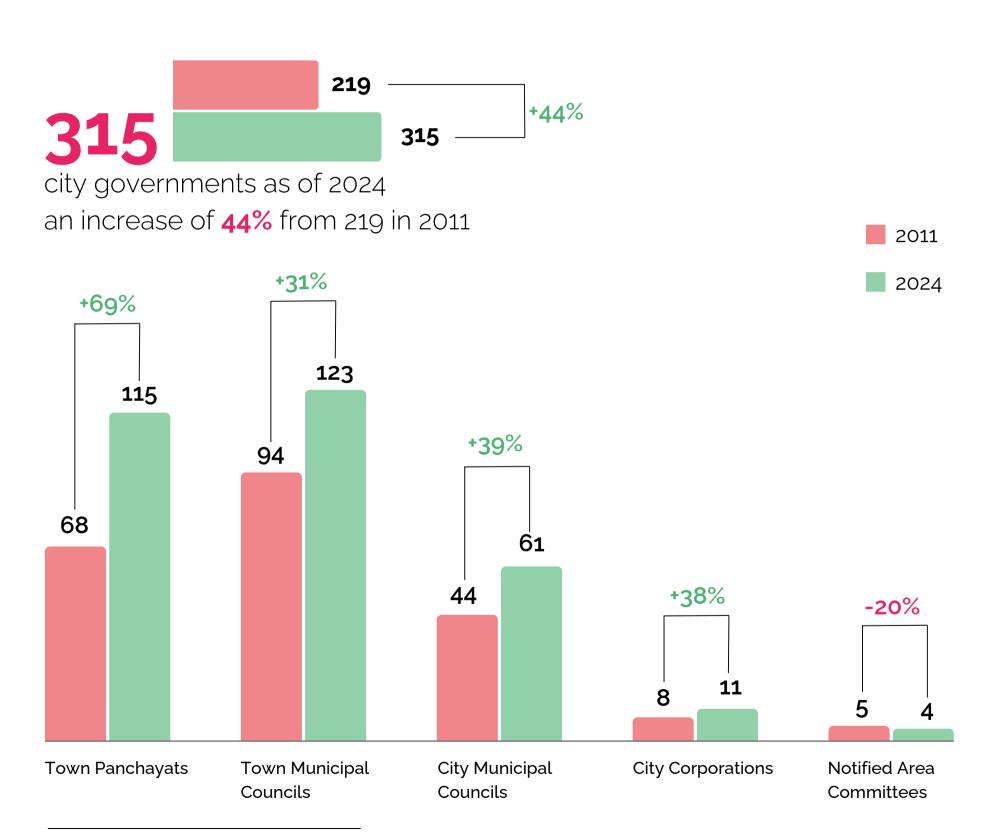


Town Municipal Councils, City Municipal Councils, and Town Panchayats

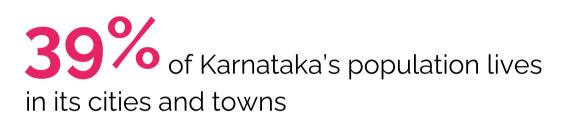
Karnataka Municipalities Act, 1964

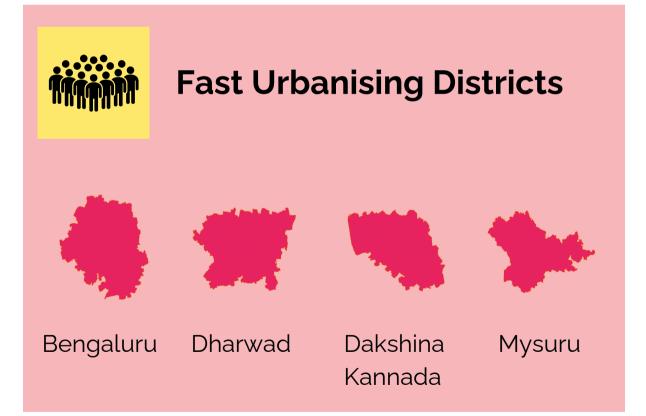
Source: Census 1991, Census 2011, Report of Technical Group on Population Projections, 2019

Urbanisation in Karnataka



Source: City governments Population : http://www.municipaladmn.gov.in/en/about-dma





Principal Challenges of Karnataka's Urban Local Governance



Only one out of 11 city corporations has ward committees Ward committees and area sabhas are either not formed or are not operational in the state.



There is **an average delay of 22 months** in elections to municipal corporations Municipal elections are not conducted in a timely manner and before the conclusion of the five-year term.



There is **an average delay of 11 months** in election of mayors to municipal corporations after general elections.



City governments **do not have a role or control over 15 of the 18 functions** of local governance mandated by the Constitution.



Citizens **do not have access to council debates and proceedings**, development projects, or other key information on local governance.



Recommendations to Strengthen Decentralised Participatory Governance in Karnataka

06

Effective Devolution and Conduct of Regular Elections

1	Effectively devolve all functions necessary (including but not limited to the governments and provide necessary staff and resources to them to deliver
2	Ensure the timely conduct of elections to city councils every five years, before
3	Hold mayoral elections /form city councils within 15 days of the declaration
4	Empower the State Election Commission to conduct the delimitation of war

e 18 functions in the 12th Schedule) to city r satisfactorily on these functions.

fore the expiry of the council term.

n of results of municipal elections.

ards and reservation fixation.

Improved and Active Citizen Participation

1	Notify and operationalise area sabhas immediately.
2	Empower city governments to notify area sabhas.
3	Form ward committees within 1 month of formation of the city council/anno
4	Mandate city governments to provide wide publicity/awareness campaigns of ward committees and participate actively in area sabhas.
5	Tie development funds/projects/annual budget to regular functioning of ar
6	Publish Model Byelaws for transaction of business of area sabhas and ward corporations and municipalities.

ouncement of election results.

ns to inform and invite citizens to be members

area sabhas and ward committees.

d committees, for adoption by city

Enhance and Promote Transparency and Accountability

3

Publish key information about municipal institutions and civic services such as proceedings of council meetings and standing committee meetings, city budgets, DPRs of projects, important policy documents (parking, user charges, etc.), and byelaws in the public domain (including websites of city governments).
Maintain and publish a live projects dashboard reflecting all ongoing and completed projects in city governments, providing important details of tenders, work orders, bill payments, etc.

Webcast council meetings and other important meetings such as standing committee meetings.



Devolution of Functions to Urban Local Governments

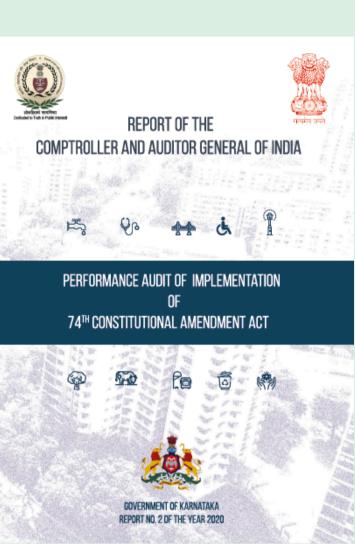
Devolution of Functions to Urban Local Governments in Karnataka

Article 243W (inserted by the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1992) mandates state governments to transfer 18 key urban development functions to city governments.

The CAG Audit^{*} finds:

1/18 functions^{**} are transferred to **city governments** in Karnataka by the Karnataka Municipalities (KM) Act, 1964 and Karnataka Municipal Corporations (KMC) Act, 1976

But in reality, "audit observed several overlaps in discharge of the functions between city governments and parastatals/(state) government departments"



"The state government needs to take decisive action in order to translate the vision of achieving decentralisation into reality. Steps need to be taken to ensure that the city governments enjoy an adequate degree of autonomy in respect of the functions assigned to them."

^{*} The Recommendation of the Performance Audit of Implementation of the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act by the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) of India, specifically for Karnataka (2015-2020)

^{**}Note: In practice, state municipal laws in Karnataka transfer the 18 identified functions under the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1993 not in whole but in parts. So, if part of a function was transferred under the KM/KMC Acts, the entire function under the 12th Schedule was taken to be devolved to city governments. In this context, the CAG Audit finds 17 out of 18 functions to be devolved to city governments in Karnataka

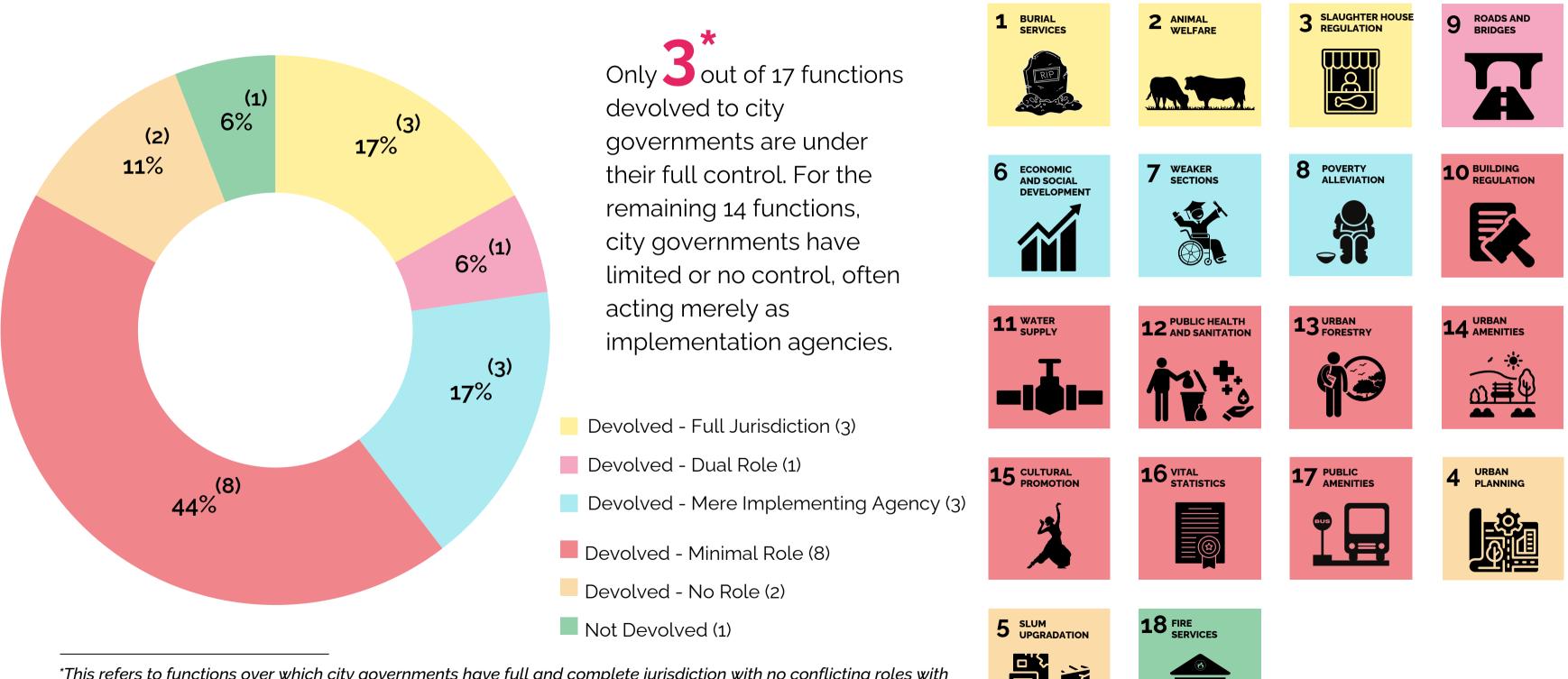
Devolution of Functions to Urban Local Governments in Karnataka





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Actual Status of Devolution of Functions to city governments in Karnataka



*This refers to functions over which city governments have full and complete jurisdiction with no conflicting roles with state government departments Source: Comptroller and Auditor General of India. Performance Audit of Implementation of 74th Constitutional

Amendment Act. Government of Karnataka, 2020



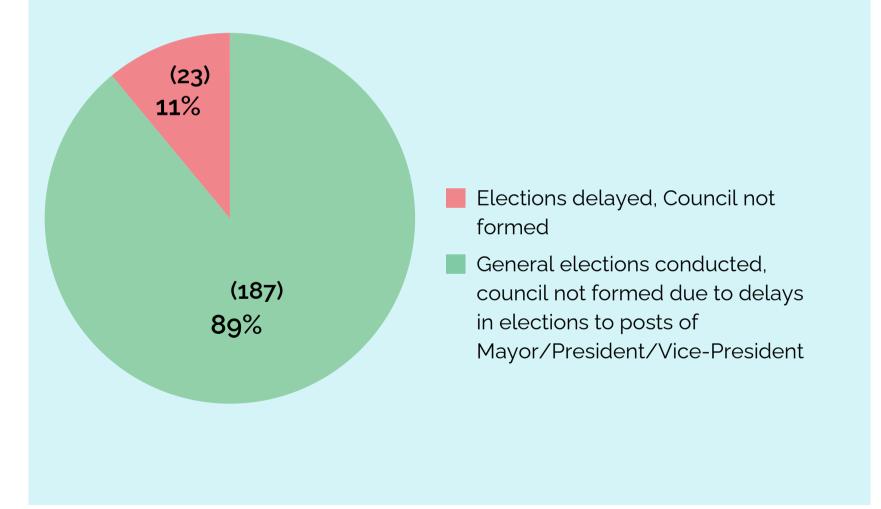
Actual devolution of functions under Twelfth Schedule (Article 243W) to city governments in Karnataka



Elections to City Governments

Status of Municipal Elections and Councils of City Governments in Karnataka

Article 243U (introduced by the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1992) mandates the completion of elections before the expiry of the municipal council's term



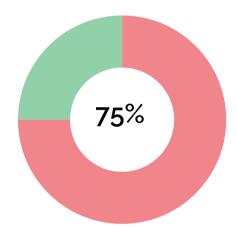


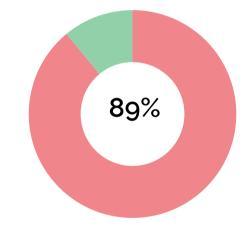
The Recommendation of the Performance Audit of Implementation of the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act by the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) of India, specifically for Karnataka (2015-2020)

"In view of the fact that the delimitation has been delayed time and again by the state government, the task of delimitation should be entrusted to the State Election Commission in order to ensure timely elections."

Status of Municipal Elections and Councils of City Governments in Karnataka

The Performance Audit of Implementation of 74th Constitutional Amendment Act in Karnataka conducted by the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) of India between 2015-2020 finds:





Significant Delay

0/280 city governments failed to form councils within 26 months



89% of ULGs (187) cited "court cases in respect of the procedures adopted by the government for rotation in reservation for the offices of mayor/dy. mayor and president/ vice-president"* as a major reason for the non-formation of municipal councils.

*Source: Comptroller and Auditor General of India. Performance Audit of Implementation of 74th Constitutional Amendment Act. Government of Karnataka, 2020 and media reports *As per media reports: Pujar, Vijaya Karnataka, 9 November 2023, and Menasinakai, Times of India, 20 November 2023

Media reports* further confirm that, for more than 210 Town Municipal **Councils and Town Panchayats in** Karnataka, the elections to the position of president/vice-president were further delayed by at least 6 months in their second term of 30 months due to a delay in announcement of reservations by the state government. The smaller municipalities in Karnataka governed by the KM Act, 1964 have two terms of 2.5 years each for presidents and vice-presidents in a five-year council term. These towns together form two-thirds of the ULBs in the state.

Status of Elections in City Corporations, as of August 2024

Municipal Corporation	Council Term Expired	Election Held	Election Delayed by	Council Formed/Mayor Elected	Council Formation/ Mayor Election Delayed by	Total Delay
Bengaluru	Sep 2020	Not yet conducted	47 months	NA	NA	Nearly 4 years++
Ballari	Mar 2019	Apr 2021	25 months	Mar 2022	11 months	03 years
Belagavi	Mar 2019	Sep 2021	30 months	Feb 2023	17 months	Nearly 4 years
Davangere	Mar 2019	Nov 2019	08 months	Feb 2020	03 months	Nearly 1 year
Hubballi-Dharwad	Mar 2019	Sep 2021	30 months	May 2022	08 months	Over 3 years
Kalaburagi	Apr 2019	Sep 2021	30 months	Mar 2023	18 months	04 years
Mangaluru	Mar 2019	Nov 2019	08 months	Feb 2020	03 months	Nearly 1 year
Mysuru	Nov 2023	Not yet conducted	09 months	NA	NA	09 months++
Shivamogga	Nov 2023	Not yet conducted	09 months	NA	NA	09 months++
Tumakuru	Aug 2023	Not yet conducted	12 months	NA	NA	Nearly 1 year++
Vijayapura	Aug 2019	Oct 2022	38 months	Jan 2024	15 months	Nearly 4.5 years
Average	-	-	22 months	-	11 months	2.5 years (30 months)

NA - Not applicable as the council terms have been completed and elections are yet to be conducted

Institutionalised Citizen Participation through Ward Committees and Area Sabhas

Governance Framework for Ward Committees and Area Sabhas

Article 243S, introduced through the the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1992 mandates ward committees in cities with a population of more than 3 lakh.

All three municipal acts of Karnataka make citizen engagement an integral part of local governance and provide for ward committees and area sabhas across all municipalities in the state.

The Karnataka Municipalities Act, 1964 also provides for the constitution of Neighbourhood Groups, which is a group of households within an area.

However, legal frameworks for the daily transaction of business of these platforms are not defined fully or well:

- No rules/guidelines are published for the functioning of ward committees and area sabhas in municipalities
- No rules/guidelines are published for the functioning of area sabhas in municipal corporations
- Byelaws for ward committees^{*} and area sabhas are not notified in any municipal corporation in Karnataka, u/s 13J of the KMC Act

^{*}As of August 2024, only Mangaluru City Corporation has formed a council committee to examine the by-laws for ward committees and area sabhas

Platform	latform Legislation		Rules Notified by State Government	Byelaws Notified by City Government	
Ward Committee		Yes Section 80M	No Section 323(2)(a) Section 80-O(2)		
Area Sabha	Karnataka Municipalities Act, 1964	Section 323(2)(a)		Not Applicable	
Neighbourhood Group		Yes Section 80G	No Section 80E(2)		
Ward Committee	Karnataka Municipal	Yes Section 13H	Yes Karnataka Municipal Corporations (Ward Committee) Rules, 2016 u/s 13K	No Section 13J	
Area Sabha	Corporations Act, 1976	Yes Section 13C	No Section 13K	No Section 13J	
Neighbourhood Group		Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Ward Committee	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Dalika Act	Yes Section 82	No Section 85(13) Section 86(2) Section 316(2)(i)		
Area Sabha	Mahanagara Palike Act, 2020	Yes Section 90	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Neighbourhood Group		Not Applicable	Not Applicable		

Chronology of Legislations for Ward Committees and Area Sabhas



The earliest wards committees in Karnataka were notified in the then Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike (BMP) The Karnataka Municipal Corporations Act, 1976 was amended to provide for the constitution of area sabhas and ward committees in the city corporations, thus taking the first step in institutionalising community participation in the larger cities of the state



The Karnataka Municipalities Act, 1964 amended mandating formation of ward committees, area sabhas, and neighbourhood groups in the smaller cities and towns of Karnataka. No rules have been notified till date



The Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike Act, 2020 was passed, mandating the formation of ward committees in Bengaluru within 30 days of the completion of elections to the city corporation. No rules have been notified till date



Karnataka Municipal Corporations (Ward Committee) Rules, 2016 were notified, further institutionalising ward committees in the larger cities of Karnataka. However, these rules do not cover the area sabhas

Stakeholder Efforts and Actions Towards Formation of Ward Committees and Area Sabhas

Citizens and civil society organisations have played a critical role in compelling the government to institutionalise citizen participation in urban governance by operationalising ward committees and area sabhas

Speaking orders by the High Court of Karnataka have been instrumental in establishing ward committees in few cities such as Bengaluru and Mangaluru

Constitutional and statutory authorities such as the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, the Karnataka Administrative Reforms Commission – 2, and the Karnataka State Finance Commission have underlined the importance of citizen participation in urban governance and have recommended the formation of ward committees and area sabhas in city governments

The UDD Minister noted in the Karnataka Legislative Council session held on 13 February 2024 that 95 area sabhas have been formed in the Davangere City Corporation but, to Janaagraha's knowledge, they are not functional. In Mangaluru City Corporation, area sabhas were notified by the Corporation on 11 December 2019. However, they are not yet operational

Please note that the information on the status of ward committees and area sabhas accessible to Janaagraha at this stage pertains only to Karnataka's 11 municipal corporations and has been garnered through a rigorous process of on-ground interface with city corporation offices, given that this data is not publicly available in a comprehensive format

Process of Formation of Ward Committees in Karnataka

No guidelines or SOPs exist for the step-by-step process of forming ward committees in municipalities

A transparent ward committee formation process, based on Janaagraha's work with city governments and citizens, is outlined below and partially followed by different city corporations

			A period of 30 days
	Municipal council	Notice for ward com <mark>mittee</mark>	citizens to apply for
	is formed by	membership applica <mark>tions</mark>	committee member
Municipal	electing the	must be issued withi <mark>n 15</mark>	must be provided
elections are	Mayor/Dy. Mayor	days of the first may <mark>o</mark> r	
conducted		taking oath	



Ward committees are operational and meet at least once every month

Commissioner notifies ward committees, and meetings start within 15 days of city council approval

The commissioner obtains city council approval within 30 days of receiving the draft list from the selection committee

There is a need to institutionalise a standard process to constitute ward committees and area sabhas by notifying appropriate rules.

s for r ward ership

Extend the application period by 30 days if sufficient ward and category-wise applications are not received



Led by the commissioner, a selection committee must be formed to choose ward committee members

Within 15 days of the application deadline, the selection committee must draft a ward-wise list of members and submit it to the city council for approval



Status of Ward Committees in Karnataka's City Corporations, as of August 2024

Municipal Corporation	Municipal Elections Conducted after Expiry of Council Term	Council Formed	Applications Invited for Membership to Ward Committees	Committee	Draft WC Membership List Submitted to the Council by Selection Committee for Approval	Council Approved the Ward Committee Membership List	Ward Committees Notified	Ward Committees Operational
Bengaluru	Νο	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ballari	Yes	Yes	Yes	Νο	No	No	No	No
Belagavi	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Νο	No	No
Davangere	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Νο	No	No
Hubballi-Dharwad	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Νο	No	No
Kalaburagi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Νο	Νο	Νο	Νο	Νο
Mangaluru	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes (Feb 2022)	Yes (irregular)
Mysuru	Νο	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shivamogga	Νο	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tumakuru	No	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vijayapura	Yes	Yes	Νο	Νο	Νο	Νο	Νο	Νο

NA - Not applicable as the council terms have been completed and elections are yet to be conducted

Government of Karnataka's Orders: Largely Inconsequential (1/2)

In September 2017 and June 2019, the Urban Development Department (UDD) issued circulars to the Directorate of Municipal Administration (DMA) and commissioners of all 10 municipal corporations of Karnataka (other than the BBMP), directing them to form ward committees immediately in accordance with the Karnataka Municipal Corporations (Ward Committee) Rules, 2016

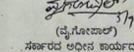
ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಸಚಿವಾಲಯ. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ನಅಇ 116 ಎಂಎನ್ಇ 2017 ವಿಕಾಸ ಸೌಧ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, ದಿವಾಂಕ:05.09.2017

ಸುತೋಲೆ

ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಯುಡಿಡಿ 507 ಎಂಎನ್ವೈ 2012, ದಿನಾಂಕ: 22.06.2016ರಲ್ಲಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮುನಿವಲ್ ಕಾರ್ಮೊರೇಷನ್ಸ್ (ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಕಮಿಟಿ) ರೊಲ್ಸ್ 2016 ನಿಯಮಗಳನ್ನು ಜಾರಿಗೆ ತರಲಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಸದರಿ ನಿಯಮಗಳನ್ನಯ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಕಮಿಟಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ಕ್ರಮ ವಹಿಸಿರುವುದು ಕಂಡು ಬಂದಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮುನಿಸಲ್ ಕಾರ್ಮೊರೇಷನ್ಸ್ (ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಕಮಿಟ) ರೂಲ್ 2016 ನಿಯಮಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿರುವಂತೆ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಮಹ್ರಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಗಳ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೂಡಲೇ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಕಮಿಟಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ಕೂಡಲೇ ಸೂಕ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳುವಂತ ಈ-ಮೂಲಕ ಸೂಚಿಸಿದೆ

ಾಲಿಕೆ–2 ಮತ್ತು ಸಮನ್ರಯ) ನಗರಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಇಲಾಖೆ





Circular dated 05-09-2017 issued by Y Gopal

Undersecretary Urban Development Department Government of Karnataka

ಂದಾಂ ಪರ್ದೇಜ್, ನಾಳಸ ವಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ (ಪೌನಾಡಕ: (ಭಗರಾಭವೃದ್ಧಿ ಪಾಧಿಕಾರಗಳು) ನಗರಾಭವೃದ್ಧಿ ಇಲಾಖೆ

ಅ.ಸ. ಶತ್ರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೇ ನಅವ 18 ಎಂಎನ್ಎ 2019

ದಾನ್ಯ ರೇ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮುನಿಸಿದಲ್ ಕಾರ್ಮೋರೇವನ್ ಅಧಿನಿಯರು 1976ರ ಅದ್ದಾಯ-32 ರಕ್ಷಮ ಕಲಾ: 13-H ರಂತ ನಾಜ್ಯದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ದುತಾನಗರ ಪಾಅಕೆಗಳು ನಿಯಮಾನುನಾರ ದಾರ್ರ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಅಧಿನಿಯರು 13-K ರಸ್ಥೆಯ ಸಗರಾಧದೃಧ್ಧಿ ಇಲಾಖೆ ದತಿಯಿಂದ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮುನಿಸಿದಲ್ ಕಾರ್ಮೋರೇವನ್(ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ) ನಿಯಮಗಳು - 2015 ನ್ನು ಕ್ಷಕಟಸಲಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಅದರಂತೆ ಬ್ರಹತ್ ಲೆಂಗಳೂರು ಮಹಾಸಗರ ಪಾಠಕ ಮಾತ್ರ ಸಿಯಮಾಸುಸಾರ ಇತಿ ಪಾರ್ಡಗಳಲ್ಲು ಪಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಿ ಪಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಭೆ ನಡೆಸುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಇದುನಕ್ಕೆ ಜಂದಿರುತ್ತದೆ ಅದರೆ. ಉಳದ 10 ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕಗಳು ಈಪರೆಗೂ ಪಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಿರುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಯಾವುದೇ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

בזכיר גבש אמשטולאש כשא פרידולי בשוט בברוש שלמכנה אמשמרט בשראום ಪಾಅಕೆಯ ಅಯುಕ್ತರು ನಿಯಮಾನುನಾರ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕ್ರಮ ಪಹಿಸದೇ ಇರುವುದು ಸೂಕ್ಷದಲ್ಲ ಅವುರಿಂದ ತತ್ ಕ್ಷಣದಿಂದ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ಷಪ್ಪತ್ರರಾಗಿ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಠಿಕೆಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ ಪ್ರಾಕ್ಷಿಯಲ್ಲ ಪಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮತಿ ರಚಿಸಿ. ಆರುಮೇವಿತ ದ್ವತಿಯನ್ನು ಅಯುಕ್ತರು ದೈರೀಕರಿಸಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಷ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ ಸಜ್ಞಸುವುದು

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮುರಿಸಿದಲ್ ಕಾರ್ಮೋರೇವರ್ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ನಮಿತಿ: ನಿಯಮಗಳು 20ರಂ ಪ್ರತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಬ್ರಹಕ್ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕೆ ರವರು ರಚಿಸಿರುವ ಮಾವರಿ ಪಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಈ ಪತ್ರಮೊಂದಿಗೆ ಲಗತ್ತಿಸಿ ನಿಯಮಾನುನಾರ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕ್ರಮವಹಿಸಲು ತಿಳಸಿದೆ.

518034 ರಂಧನೆಗಳೊಂದಿಗ

2 5 JUN 20 O.

(1) ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಪೌರಾಡಳಿತ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು,

- (2) ಆಯುಕ್ತರು, ಮೈಸೂರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ/ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ/ವಿಜಯಮರ/ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ/ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ ಮಂಗಳೂರು/ಕಲಬುರಗಿ/ಬಳ್ಳಾರಿ/ತುಮಕೂರು/ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ.
- (3) ಶಾಖಾ ರಕ್ಷಕ ಕಡತ/ಹೆಚ್ಚುವರಿ ಪತಿ-03



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ೆ ಅ.ಎಸ್.ಶೇಖರಪ್ಪ. ಸಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಪೌರಾಡಳತ ಸಿರ್ದೇಶನಾಲಯ, ವಿ.ವಿ.ಗೋಮರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಕ್ಷೀಮತಿ. ಕಿಲ್ಲ ಸಾಗ್. ಭಾ.ಅ.ಸೇ. ಅಯುಕ್ತರು. ಮೈಸೂರು ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕ 3. ಕೀಮತಿ ಅ ಪೌಸೀಯಾ ತರಸುಮ್. ಬಾ.ಆ ಸೇ. ಆಯುಕರು, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ದುಪಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕ 4. ಕು: ಭಾರುಲವಾ ನೋರುಲ್, ಬಾ.ಅ.ಸೇ. ಅಯುಕರು, ಕಿರಮೇಗ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕ 5 ಕೀ ಭೂಲಾಲನ್ ಅ. ಭಾ.ಅ ಸೇ. ಅಯುಕರು, ತುಮಕೂರು ಮಹಾಸಗರ ಪಾಲಕ 6 ಕ್ಷೇ ಕ್ಷಶಾಂತ್ ಕುಮಾರ್ ಮಿಪ್ರಾ. ಭಾ.ಅ.ಸೇ. ಅಯುಕ್ತರು. ಹುಲ್ಲಳ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕ 7. ಕ್ಷೀ. ಶಕ್ಷಿಧರ್ ಕುರೇರ್. ಕ.ಆ.ಸೇ. ಅಯುಕ್ತರು. ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕ 8 ಡಾ: ಔದ್ರಾಮ್. ಕ.ಆ ಸೇ. ಅಯುಕ್ತರು. ವಿಜಯಮರ ಮಹಾಸಗರ ಪಾಲಕೆ 9. ಕ್ಷೀ. ವಿರೇಂದ್ರ ಕುಂದಗೋಳ, ಕೆ.ಎಂ.ಎ ಎಸ್. ಅಯುಕ್ತರು, ವಾಶಣಗೆರೆ ಮಹಾಸಗರ ಪಾಲಕೆ ಕೀ ಮತಮ್ಮದ್ ಸಹೀರ್. ಅಯುಕರು. ದುಂಗಳೂರು ದುಪಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಕ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಹತ್ತು ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ'-2005ರ3 Suppose Comments



Circular dated 19-06-2019 issued by Anjum Pervez, I.A.S

Principal Secretary Urban Development Department Government of Karnataka

Government of Karnataka's Orders: Largely Inconsequential (2/2)

In February 2021, the DMA directed deputy commissioners of all districts and project directors of District Urban Development Cells to take action to form ward committees, area sabhas, and neighbourhood groups within 15 days of issuance of the circular in all city governments under the Karnataka Municipalities Act, 1964

In July 2022, the UDD issued a strict reminder to the DMA and to commissioners of all municipal corporations to take immediate action to form ward committees and area sabhas, in light of the High Court's orders under different PILs

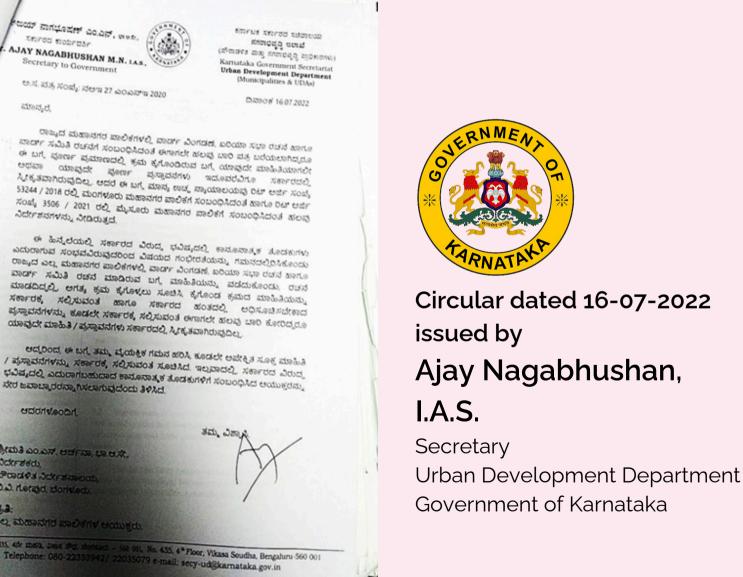
ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 22455. ಡಿಎಂಎ 27 ಎಂಐಎಸ್ಸ್ 2017–18 ದಿನಾಂಕ <u>. 02.2021</u>	
ವವರಿಗೆ. ್ಲಲ್ಪ್ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ	
ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ.	
ವಿಷಯ: ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ನಗರ ಸ್ಥಳೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನೆರೆತೊರೆ ಗುಂಪು, ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಸಭಾ ಮತ್ತು ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವ ಸಂಬಂಧ ರೂಪಿಸಲಾಗಿರುವ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದನ್ವಯ ಕ್ರಮವಹಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ. ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ:1. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಸಂಸದೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಶಾಸನ ರಚನೆ ಸಚಿವಾಲಯದ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಸಂವ್ಯಶಾಇ 9 ಶಾಸನ 2019 ದಿ:19.10.2020. 2. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ನಅಇ 416 ಜಿಇಎಲ್ 2015 (ಭಾಗ–1) ದಿ:01.12.2020.	OVERNMENT SOVERNMENT *
ಮೇಲ್ಯಂಡ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ, ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ(1) ಮತ್ತು (2)ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಈ ಪತ್ರದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಲಗತ್ತಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ (1)ರ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪೌರಸಭೆಗಳ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ 1964ರಲ್ಲಿನ ಕಲಂ 80ಕ್ಕೆ 80ಎ ರಿಂದ 80ಕ್ಕೂ ವರೆಗೆ ಸೇರಿಸಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪೌರಸಭೆಗಳ (ತಿದ್ದಾಪಡಿ) ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ 2020ನ್ನು ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಸದರಿ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮದಲ್ಲಿನ ಕಲಂಗಳಡಿ ನಗರ ಸ್ಥಳೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಸಭಾ, ನೆರೆಹೊರೆ ಗುಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಲಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.	Circular dated 08-02-2021 issued by
ಗೆಗೆಗಳ ಸಂಗತ ಸೆಗೆಟ್ಸ್ ಒಂದು ವಾರ್ಡಿನ ಅದೇ ಸ್ಥಳ ಅಥವಾ ಬೀದಿ ಅಥವಾ	Director, Directorate of
ಸರಹೂರ ಗುಂಬನ ರಚನ ಬಂಗು ಬಂಗು ವಸತಿ ಸಮೂಹ ಅಥವಾ ಯಾವುದೇ ಇತರ ಬಡಾವಣೆ ಅಥವಾ ನಿವಾಸಿಗಳ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ ಸಂಘ ಅಥವಾ ವಸತಿ ಸಮೂಹ ಅಥವಾ ಯಾವುದೇ ಇತರ ತಾಕಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಿಂದ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಾರ್ಡಿನ ಮತಗಟ್ಟೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಮಾರು ಪ್ರತಿ ಒಂದು ನೂರು ಮತದಾರರಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ನೆರೆಹೊರೆ ಗುಂಪು ಇರತಕ್ಕದ್ದು, ಅಂತ ಸ್ಥಳವು ದೊಡ್ಡದಾಗಿದ್ದು ಮತ್ತು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಮತದಾರರನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದರೆ, ಆಗ ಅದೇ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚು	Municipal
ನೆರೆಕೊರೆ ಗುಂಪುಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದು. ನೆರೆಹೂರ ಗುಂಪಿನ ಸರ್ಧಗಳನ್ನು ಅದಿಕಾರಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಕಾರ್ಯಗಳ	Administration
ಸಂಕಾರ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧ, ಪಡಾವಧ ಮತ್ತು ಭಿತ್ಯ ಸಂಕಾರ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಯನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕುವುದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ 80ಸ. 802, 800, 80ಎಫ್ರರಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವರಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಎಂಬರ್ ಸರ್ಕಾರ್ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಂಧ ಟ್ರಾಂಗ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾಂಗ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾಂಗ್ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಂಧ ಟ್ರಾಂಗ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾಂಗ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾ	Government of Karnataka
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CCCC + CCCC 3(2) 3 00.07, 00F 50, 19.0.X. ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು. ವೌರಾಡಳಿತ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಗ

ವಿ.ಎ. ಗೋಪನ, ವರ್ and share bits and an



High Court Directions in PILs led to WC Formation in Bengaluru and Mangaluru

PILs filed by citizens and CSOs in the High Court of Karnataka played a critical role in operationalising ward committees in Bengaluru and Mangaluru, although after further delays. However, these orders were disobeyed in Mysuru.





Ward committees were constituted in response to High Court orders on PIL WP24739/2012 to adopt segregation of solid waste at source

Ward committees started to function from January 2019

Area sabhas are still not operationalised

Ward committee and area sabha byelaws are not passed by BBMP

- Ward committees were notified in February 2022 in response to a High Court order issued in August 2019 for PIL WP53244/2019
- Ward committees started to function from April 2022
- Area sabhas are still not operationalised
- Ward committee and area sabha byelaws are not passed by Mangaluru City Corporation



The Karnataka High Court directed the corporation to form ward committees and the GoK to establish area sabhas with draft by-laws, in PIL WP3506/2021, However, ward committees remain unconstituted

Area sabhas are still not operationalised (There is no information available on whether they are notified by the GoK)

Ward committee and area sabha byelaws are not passed by Mysuru City Corporation



The Karnataka Ward Samiti Balaga and its Efforts to Establish and Strengthen Ward Committees



Approximately 20% of the urban population in the state reached out through Balaga's activities

corporations

Citizens from each ward unite to institutionalise participation and

The first Karnataka Ward Samiti Balaga Convention was held on 18 September 2022 and the second was held on 4 February 2024 with Balaga conveners from 11 city corporations

The Balaga mobilises citizens towards:

Forming /strengthening ward committees

Improving quality of neighbourhood life

Increasing citizen participation in ward committee meetings

Balaga members are organised at three levels:



improve quality of life





Karnataka Ward Samiti Balaga: State-level Advocacy and Action

Citizens from different cities across Karnataka came together to form Ward Samiti Balaga, a federation of active citizens

Each city convenes regular Balaga meetings that focus on forming and strengthening ward committees

Letter campaign initiated by Balaga through MLAs, MLCs to persuade city corporations to form WCs

Balaga met district in-charge ministers during Janata Darshans and urged them to form ward committees

In Mangaluru City Corporation and Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike, Balaga monitors ward committee meetings

Balaga is also involved in other civic activities such as environment protection through conducting surveys, awareness campaigns, and clean-up drives

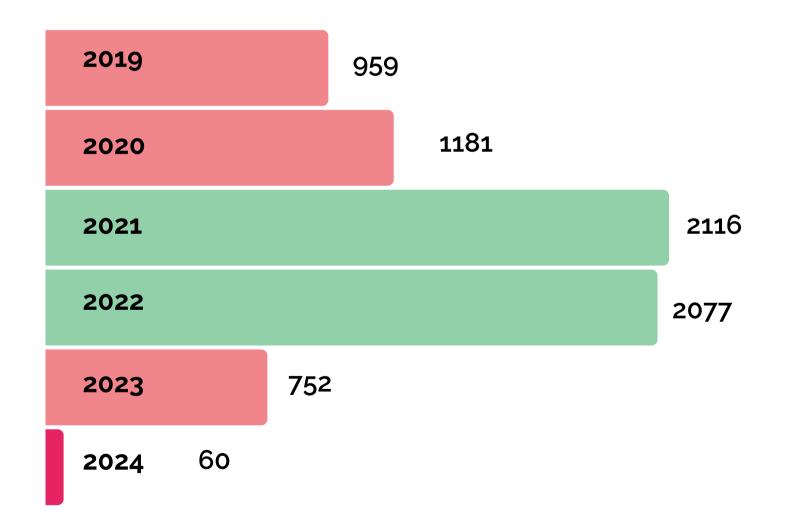


Ward Committee Meetings in Bengaluru

7145 ward committee meetings were conducted in total between 2019-2024 across BBMP Wards BBMP wards were delimited twice, in 2022 with 232 wards and in 2024 with 225 wards, affecting the assessment

The assessment of BBMP ward committee meetings covers January 2019 to July 2024, considering the calendar year (January to December)

Field observations show BBMP recognised the value of ward committees during COVID-19 for managing public health and delivering essential aid



Year	Wards	Time Period	Total Meetings as per Regulation	No of WC Meetings Conducted	Average Meetings per Month	Percentage of Meetings Held
2019	198	Jan-Dec	2376	959	74	40
2020	198	Jan-Jul	1386	290	41	21
2020	198	Aug-Dec	1980	891	178	45
2021	198	Jan-Dec	4752	2116	176	45
2022	198	Jan-Apr	1584	524	131	33
2022	243	Sep-Dec	1856	1553	388	84
2023	243	Jan-Dec	5568	752	63	14
2024	225	Jan-Jul	3150	60	20	2
		Total	22652	7145	1072	32

Ward Committee Meetings in Mangaluru

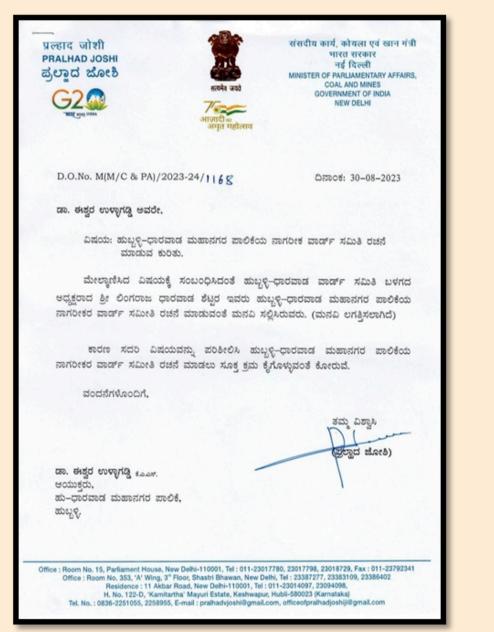
489 ward committee meetings were conducted in total between **April 2022-July 2024** across 60 wards of MCC

2022	290	Year	Wards	Time Period	Total Meetings as per Regulation	No of WC Meetings Conducted	Average Meetings per Month	Percentage of Meetings Held
		2022	60	Apr-Dec	540	290	32	54
2023	156	2023	60	Jan-Dec	720	156	13	22
		2024	60	Jan-Jul	420	43	14	10
2024 43				Total	1680	489	60	29



Observations of Elected Representatives Regarding Ward Committees and Area Sabhas

Select Letters from Elected Representatives: Unheeded (1/4)





Shri Pralhad Joshi

Minister of Parliamentary Affairs, Coal and Mines, Government of India

ಬಸವರಾಜ ಎಸ್. ಹೊರಟಿ ಸಬಾಪತಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ವಿಧಾನ ಪರಿಷತು **BASAVARAJA S. HORATTI** Chairman Karnataka Legislative Council

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಸಕಾಹು: 390 :2023

ಸಂಚಾಲಕರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ. ಇವರು ಭಾರತದ ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ 74ನೇ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕೆಎಂಸಿ ಆಕೃ ಕಲಂ 13.ಎಚ್ ಪಕಾರ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯು ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವುದು ಕಡಾಯವಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಈ ದಿಶೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಇತೀಚಿನ ಸರ್ವಾನುಮತದ ನಿರ್ಣಯದಂತೆ ಇದೇ ಅಗಷ್ಟ 15ರ ಒಳಗೆ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿತ್ತು ಆದರೆ ಈ ಪಕಿಯೇ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳ್ಳದೆ ವಿಳಂಬವಾಗಿದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸದರಿ ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ಆದ್ರತೇಯ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ಕಮಕ್ಕೆಗೊಳ್ಳುವಂತೆ ಮನವಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಮುಂದುವರೆದು ಸದರಿಯವರ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ. ಶಾಸನಾತ್ಮಕವಾಗಿ ಕಡಾಯವಾದ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ಅತೀ ತುರ್ತಾಗಿ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕಮಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೋರುತೇನೆ.

ಆಯುಕರು ಹುಬಳಿ ೈ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ ಹುಬಳಿ.

Off: Tel : 2225 9112 Fax: 2225 2068 ಕೊಠಡಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 117, ಒಂದನೇ ಮಹಡಿ ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 560 001 Room No. 117, 1st Floor Vidhana Soudha, Bengaluru - 560 001

ದಿನಾಂಕ: 13-09-2023

E-mail : chairmanklc.uh@gmail.com

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Jun (ಬಸವರಾಜ ಹೊರಟ)



Shri Basavaraja S Horatti

Chairman, Karnataka Legislative Council

Select Letters from Elected Representatives: Unheeded (2/4)

Readia Nost: 342, 3420 riodorat ant coat ಚೇ ಮಹಡಿ, ವಿಧಾನಸೌಧ, ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಸಚಿವರು ಹಾಗೂ ະວິດແຄ່ງພຽກ-200 001 riedaard: 080-22253751. ಧಾರವಾದ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಉಸುವಾರಿ ಸಚಿವರು 22033413 xo. 50x5/ 109 /2023 ದನಾಂಕ: 18.8.2023 ಟಪಣೆ ಶ್ರೀ ಲಿಂಗರಾಜ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಶೆಟ್ಟರ್, ಸಂಚಾಲಕರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ, ನಂ.57, ಶ್ರೇಯಾ ಪಾರ್ಕ್, ಗೋಕುಲ ರಸ್ತೆ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳ-30 ಇವರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುವ ದಿನಾಂಕ 13.8.2023ರ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಇದರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಲಗತ್ತಿಸಿದೆ. ಸದರಿ ಮನವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚನೆ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸಲು ಕೋರಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅದರಂತೆ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚನೆ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸಲು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುವ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿ, ನಿಯಮಾನುಸಾರ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೋರಿದೆ. x20/-(ಸಂತೋಷ್ ಎಸ್ ಲಾಡ್) Shri Santosh ಆಯುಕ್ರರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ. S Lad ಶ್ರತೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ: ಶ್ರೀ ಲಿಂಗರಾಜ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಶೆಟ್ಟರ್, ಸಂಚಾಲಕರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಸಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ. ನಂ.57, ಶ್ರೇಯಾ ಪಾರ್ಕ್, ಗೋಕುಲ ರಸ್ತೆ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಲ-30. Minister of Labour and Dharwad District In-charge, ರಂತೋಷ್ ಎಸ್ ಲಾಡ್ Government of Karnataka



NO. 477/2023.

ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ,

ಮಾನ್ಯ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳ.

Madhura Estate, Keshwapur, Hubballi-580023. Tel.: 0836-2288844

Date: 28/08/2023.

ಸಂಚಾಲಕರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳಿ, ಇವರು ಮನವಿಯೊಂದನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿ, ಭಾರತದ ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ 74ನೇ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕೆಎಂಸಿ ಆಕ್ಸ್ ಕಲಂ 13ಎಚ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯು ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವುದು ಕಡ್ದಾಯವಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಈ ದಿಶೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಇತ್ತೀಚಿನ ಸರ್ವಾನುಮತದ ನಿರ್ಣಯದಂತೆ ಇದೇ ಅಗಸ್ಟ್ 15ರ ಒಳಗೆ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಆದರೆ, ಈ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳ್ಳದೆ ವಿಳಂಬವಾಗಿದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ, ಸದರಿ ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ಅದ್ದತೆಯ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ತೃರಿತ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಮನವಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಕಾರಣ, ಸದರಿಯವರ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ, ಶಾಸನಾತ್ಮಕವಾಗಿ ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾದ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ತುರ್ತು ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೋರಿದೆ.

140 (ಜಗದೀಶ ಶೆಟ್ಟರ)

ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ,



Shri Jagadish Shettar

MLC and Former Chief Minister of Karnataka

Select Letters from Elected Representatives: Unheeded (3/4)

ವಿನಯ ಕುಲಕರ್ಣಿ ಶಾಸಕರು. ಧಾರವಾಡ-71, ವಿಧಾನಸಭಾ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರ, ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ : ಧಾರವಾಡ, ರಾಜ್ಯ : ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ	Vinay Kulkarni MLA Dharwad -71, Assembly Constituency, Dist : Dharwad State : Karnataka
ವಾಸ : ಪ್ಲಾಟ್ ನಂ. 104, ಹಿದಗಿರಿ, ಬಾರಾಕೋಟ್ರಿ, ಕೆ.ಯು.ಡಿ. ರಸ್ತೆ, ಧಾರವಾಡ-580 007	Plot No. 104, Shivagiri, Barakotri, K.U.D. Road, Dharwad-580 007
1004 : MLA/DWD/327 2027-24	Denos - 11 9 209
ಇವರಿಗೆ.	
ಮಾನ್ಯ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು.	
ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ. ಧಾರವಾಡ.	
ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ,	
ವಿಷಯ : ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ	ರಚನೆ ಮಾಡುವ ಕುರಿತು

10 0	ಚಾಲಕರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಧಾರವಾಡ ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ
ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಇವರು ಮನವಿಯೊಂದನ್ನು ಸ	
ಕೆಎಂಸಿ ಆ್ಯಕ್ಟ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯು ನಾಗರ	೫ಕರ ವಾರ್ಡಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವುದು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿದ್ದು.
ಈ ದಿಸೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯು ಇತ್ತಿಚ್ಚಿನ ಸರ್ವಾನುಮತ	ದ ನಿರ್ನಯದಂತೆ ಇದೇ ಅಗಸ್ಟ್ 15ರ ಒಳಗಾಗಿ
ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಈ ಪ್ರಕಿಯೆಯು	ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳ್ಳದೆ ವಿಳಂಬವಾಗಿದೆ.ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸದರಿ
ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು ಆದ್ಯತೆಯ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ತ್ವರಿತ ಕ್ರವ	ಏಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಮನವಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.
ಕಾರಣ ಸದರಿಯವರ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣ	ೆಸಿ ಶಾಸನಾತ್ಮಕವಾಗಿ ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾದ ಮಹಾನಗರ
ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಲು	ತುರ್ತು ಕ್ರಮಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೋರಿದೆ.
ವಂದನೆಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆ.	
	and any any
	(ವಿನಯ ಕುಲಕರ್ಣಿ)
	ಶಾಸಕರು
	egislative House: 04, Room No-545, Bangalore-560 001



Shri Vinay Kulkarni MLA,

Dharwad

ಅರವಿಂದ ಚಂದ,ಕಾಂತ ಬೆಲ್ಲದ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳ - ಧಾರವಾಡ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಶಾಸಕರು

ಕ್ಷಸ/ಶಾಸಕರು/ಹು-ಧಾಪ/2022-23/215

ಗೆ, ಆಯುಕ್ತರು, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ

ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ,

ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ,

ಮೇಲ್ಯಾಣಿಸಿದ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ವಿನಂತಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದೇನೆಂದರೆ. ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಇವರು ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ, ಸಮಿತಿಯ ಮನವಿದನ್ವಯ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಇತ್ತೀಚಿನ ಸರ್ವಾನುಮತದ ನಿರ್ಣಯದಂತೆ ಆಗಸ್ಟ್ರ 15ರ ಒಳಗೆ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಬೇಕಿತ್ತು. ಈ ಪ್ಷಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳ್ಳದೆ ವಿಳಂಬವಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವ ವಿಷಯ ತಿಳಿದು ಬಂದಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಕಾರಣ ಸದರಿಯವರ ಮನವಿದನ್ವಯ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯೆ ನಾಗರೀಕ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು ತುರ್ತಾಗಿ ರಚಿಸಲು ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಮೂಲಕ ಕೋರಿದೆ.

ವಂದನೆಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆ.



Arvind Chandrakanth Bellad M.L.A. Hubli-Dharwad West

ದಿನಾಂಕ: 16-09-2023

ವಿಷಯ:-ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ನಾಗರೀಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚನೆ ಮಾಡುವ ಕುರಿತು.

ತಮ್ಮ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಿ. Amind Ballad ಕಲ್ಲೆಂ : ಪಟ್ಟಲ್ಲಿ - ಥಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾಸದ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ, ಧಾರವಾಡ. ಫೊ : 6834-2213861 ಮನೆ : "ಮಿತಿನಾಚರವ", ಹಳೇ ಮೈಸೂರ ಕರೋಗ್ಯರ ಕ್ಷಣ"ಂಡ್, ಗೋಡುರ ಸೋಡ್, ಹೆಬ್ಬಲ್ಲಿ-36 Real: : "toganand", Did Mysore Kirloskar Compond, Gokul Road. Hubball. -3 www.arvindbellad.com. office@arvindbellad.com



Shri Aravind C Bellad

MLA, Hubballi-Dharwad West

Select Letters from Elected Representatives: Unheeded (4/4)

ಪ್ರನಾದ ಅಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ ಶಾಸಕರು 72 - ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ - ಧಾರವಾಡ ಪೂರ್ವ ವಿಧಾನ ಸಭಾ ಕ್ಷೇ		<i>Prasad Abbayya</i> ^{Member} Karnataka Legislative Asse	mbly
ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ. : ಹುಧಾಮೂ/ವಿಸಸ/ವಹಿ/226/20	23-24	Dimosf : 08-09-2023	
ಇವರಿಗೆ.			
ಆಯುಕ್ತರು,			
ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳ	ಪಾಲಿಕೆ,		
ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ.			
ವಿಷಯ :ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ–ಧಾರವಾರ ರಚಿಸುವ ಕುರಿತು		ಾಗರಿಕರಿಗೆ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು	
ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ : ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವ	ಾಡ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ ಇಂ	ರರ ಮನವಿ ಪತ್ರ	
- College	0		
		ಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ	
		ಸುಮಾರು 626 ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು	
		ತ್ತು ಕೆ.ಎಂ.ಸಿ ಆಕ್ಟ್ ಕಲಂ13ಎಚ್	
		ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವುದು	
ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿದ್ದು ಈ ದಿಶೆಯ	ಬಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಇತ್ತೀಚಿಸ	ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸರ್ವಾನುಮತದ	
		ತಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಪ್ರಕೀಯ	
ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಮಾಡಲು ವಿಳಂಬವಾ	ಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖದ	ಲ್ಲಿ ತಿಳಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.	
ಸದರ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ	ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ನ	ಾಗರಿಕರಿಗೆ ವಾರ್ಡ ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು	
ಇಲಾಖೆ ನಿಯಮನುಸಾರವಾಗಿ	ಸಮಿತಿಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿ ನಾಗರಿ	ರಿಗೆ ಅನುಕೂಲ ಮಾಡಲು ಈ	
ಮೂಲಕ ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ಕೋರಿದೆ.			
ವಂದನೆಗಳೊಂದಿ	ಗೆ		- 1
		ತಮ್ಮ ವಿಶ್ರಾಸಿ.	
		1 1	
		the second	
		(ಪ್ರಸಾದ ಆಟ್ಬಯ್ಯ)	
		ಶಾಸಕರು	
	th Floor, Legislature Bhavan - 2	BENGALURU - 560 001. : 0836 - 2355169, Cell : 96202 45795	



Shri Prasad Abbayya

MLA, Hubballi-Dharwad East

ಮಹೇಶ ಟೆಂಗಿನಕಾಯಿ ಶಾಸಕರು. ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಕೇಂದ್ರ-73 ಮತಕ್ಷೇತ್ರ ಧಾರವಾಡ ಜಲ್ಲೆ ಮೊ : 9620667598 きむ おのお: ころ- 四- 老と 95 12023 R. ಮಾನ್ಯ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆ ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳ. ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ, ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೋರಿದೆ. ವಂದನೆಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆ.



Mahesh Tenginkai MLA

Hubballi-Dharwad Central-73 Constituency, Dharwad Dist. Whatsopp No. 9916457316

00000 : 29 08 2023

ವಿಷಯ: ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರಬಾಡ ಮಹಾನಗರ ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ನಾಗರಿಕರ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸುವ ಕುರಿತು.

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ಮೇಲ್ಗಾಣಿಸಿದ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ, ಸಂಚಾಲಕರು ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ-ಧಾರವಾಡ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ಬಳಗ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಇವರು ಮನವಿಯೊಂದನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸುತ್ತಾ. ಪಾಲಿಕೆಯ ಇತ್ತೀಚಿನ ಸರ್ವಾನುಮತದಿಂದ ನಿರ್ಣಯದಂತೆ ಇದೇ ಅಗಸ್ಟ್-15ರ ಒಳಗೆ ರಚಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿದ್ದ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ಇದುವರೆಗೂ ರಚನೆಯಾಗಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ತಿಳಿಸುತಾ, ಶೀಘವಾಗಿ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಲು ವಿನಂತಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಕಾರಣ ಸದರಿಯವರ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ ಶೀಪ್ರವಾಗಿ ವಾರ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ರಚಿಸಲು ಕ್ರಮ



ಖಾಯಂ ವಿಳಾಸ : ಮನೆ ನಂ. 9. ಬಸವೇಶ್ವರ ನಗರ, ಗೋಕುಲ್ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ - 580030. Email : maheshtenginkai73@gmail.com ಶಾಸಕರ ಭವನ - 2, ಕೊಠಡಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 178-179, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 560001



Shri Mahesh Tenginakayi

MLA, Hubballi-Dharwad Central

Urban Development Minister's Assurance in the Legislative Council Bears No Result

- In the budget session of the Karnataka Legislative Council on 13 February 2024, Dr. Talawar Sabanna, MLC, raised a starred question regarding the delay in forming ward committees and area sabhas in Karnataka's city corporations
- In response, Urban Development Minister B S Suresha acknowledged the delay but assured that steps would be taken to form these bodies at the earliest
- However, five months after this assurance, no concrete action has been taken on the ground





Thank You

About Janaagraha

Janaagraha is a Bengaluru-based not-for-profit institution working to transform the quality of life in India's cities and towns. It defines quality of life as comprising quality of infrastructure and services, and quality of citizenship. To achieve its mission, Janaagraha works with councillors and citizens to catalyse active citizenship in city neighbourhoods, and with governments to institute reforms to citysystems. Janaagraha has worked extensively on urban policy and governance reforms for over two decades including on JnNURM, and with the XIII, XIV and XV Finance Commissions, Second Administrative Reforms Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General of India, NITI Aayog/Planning Commission, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA), as well as the state governments of Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Rajasthan, and Assam.

Find out more at <u>www.janaagraha.org</u>



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Annexure



Observations of Constitutional Authorities and Functionaries regarding Ward Committees and Area Sabha

Observations of the Fourth Karnataka State Finance Commission

REPORT OF THE FOURTH STATE FINANCE COMMISSION, KARNATAKA

MAY, 2018

C.G.Chinnaswamy Chairman

H.D.Amaranathan Member

Dr.H.Shashidhar, IAS (Rtd)

Member

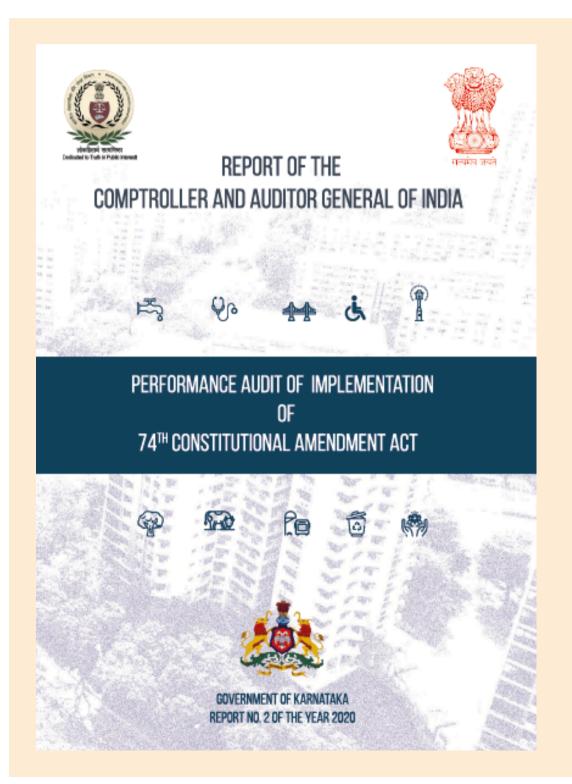
Fourth State Finance Commission, Kamataka III Floor, South Block, Khanija Bhavan Race Course Road, Bengaluru - 560 001.

> fourthksfc@gmail.com www.sfckamataka.mec.gov.in

"(v) Transparency and accountability in public spending is corner stone of any administration. Citizen desire that they should be consulted on matters important which affect their lives. Institutionalizing community participation in city governance is a long pending reform. Ward committees have been constituted but they may or may not deliberate on all issues which affect and impact the citizens. The BBMP, before taking important policy decisions, to fulfill the aspirations of its citizens, should outreach for consultations with citizen bodies, private urban experts and involve in dialogue with leading sector specialist institutions. Social audit of work done and amounts spent on health, SWM, forest etc should be conducted as declared in the 2017–18 budget of BBMP."

"**12.3.11. Ward Committees** – It is recommended that ward committees need to be constituted for larger municipal areas i.e., Municipal Corporations (Article 243- S)"

Observations of the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) of India



"Audit observed that the Ward Committees were not constituted in any of the CCs except BBMP. This defeated the objective of facilitating community participation in local governance. The absence of community participation would adversely impact prioritisation of development works, non-monitoring of execution of works, utilisation and maintenance of assets created etc.

Recommendation 3: Ward Committees should be constituted as per the KMC Act and should be nurtured and encouraged to function effectively so that the priorities of citizens are factored into the decisions of the ULB."

- them."
- Commission in order to ensure timely elections."

 "The State Government needs to take decisive action in order to translate the vision of achieving decentralisation into reality. Steps need to be taken to ensure that the ULBs enjoy an adequate degree of autonomy in respect of the functions assigned to

• "In view of the fact that the delimitation has been delayed time and again by the State Government, the task of delimitation should be entrusted to the State Election

Observations of the Karnataka Administrative Reforms Commission-Two

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

KARNATAKA ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS COMMISSION-2

THIRD REPORT OF THE KARNATAKA ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS COMMISSION-2

JANUARY-2022

"1. Ward Samitis are the foundation blocks of urban governance. They have done effective and commendable work during the Covid pandemic in 2020 and thereafter. Ward Samitis have not been legally constituted in all ULBs. Government may issue directions to constitute the Ward Samitis within a given time line in all ULBs. Formation of Ward Committees is proving to be a long drawn out exercise. It may be necessary to guide the ULBs and residents in formation of Ward Committees. NGOs, SIUD and Social Science/Political Science faculty of local colleges may be roped in to hand hold ULBs in implementing this provision."

"62. In line with the Rules issued under BBMP Act and KMC Act to enable the functioning of Ward Committees and Area Sabhas, it is recommended that corresponding Rules be notified under the KM Act to enable functioning of Ward Committees and Area Sabhas in Municipalities and Town Panchayats."

Observations of the Karnataka Administrative Reforms Commission-Two

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

KARNATAKA ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS COMMISSION-2

THIRD REPORT OF THE KARNATAKA ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS COMMISSION-2

JANUARY-2022

"22. In controlling building plan violations citizens, RWAs and Area Sabhas may be actively involved. The Ward Committees, Area Sabhas and RWAs may be requested to report violations to the Chief Officer/Commissioner of the concerned ULB. Since anonymity would be preferred while reporting violations, there needs to be an online reporting system on the web and mobile portals of the BBMP and ULBs to submit complaints/reports to the relevant authority in the ULB."

"55. Sec 9 and 10 of the KTCP Act does not explicitly require participation of Ward Committees and Area Sabhas in preparing the Master Plan. For this purpose, the KTCP Act, 1961 may be amended to mandate participation of Ward Committees and Area Sabhas in preparation of the Master Plan and in giving suggestions on the draft Plan."

"63. Under the BBMP Act, one of the functions of Ward Committees is to prepare and submit Annual Ward Development Plan. Suitable guidelines may be issued to guide the Ward Committees in preparing this plan, to institutionalize the same and ensure continuity. The BBMP has allocated an untied fund of Rs.60 lakh to each Ward Committee in 2021-22. This is a commendable step. Similar guidelines may be issued and untied funds provided for other ULBs under the KMC Act, 1976 and KM Act, 1964."



Daily orders of the High Court of Karnataka in Writ Petition No. 24739/2012, dated 04.03.2013 (Kavit Shankar & Ors. Vs. State of Karnataka & Ors.) for BBMP

"The way the garbage is thrown in the streets show the persons who have thrown the garbage have not obeyed the directions issued by the Government. It is for that purpose this Court directed Ward Committees to be constituted. Here afterwards in each ward if the garbage is thrown in the corner of streets and it is not cleared, instead of the citizens approaching the Commissioner of the Bangalore City Corporation or its officials, they should approach the elected representatives of the Corporations, 10 committee members, (the Corporator and the Ward Committees) who are all the residents of the very same wards and bring the same to their notice. If there is no improvement then it is open to such citizens to file an application before this Court giving all particulars and also explaining the inaction on the part of the Corporators and the Ward Committee members so that this Court after hearing all of them would be in a better position to take appropriate action, so that garbage is cleared in terms of the directions issued."



Order of the High Court of Karnataka in Writ Petition No. 53244/2018 (Nigel Albuquerque & Ors. Vs. State of Karnataka& Ors.) for Mangaluru City Corporation

"4. Under Section 13H, there is a mandatory provision that there shall be a Ward Committee for each ward in the Corporation. The constitution of Ward Committee is laid down in Section 13H. As per clause (a) of sub-section (2) of Section 13H, the Councillor of the Corporation representing the concerned Ward shall be the Chairperson of the Ward Committee and as per clause (b), ten other members are required to be nominated by the Corporation. On a conjoint reading of Clause (a) and Clause (b) of sub-section (2) and sub-section (10) of Section 13H, it is apparent that the term of the Ward Committee is co-terminus with the term of the Municipal Corporation."

"5. Under Section 13G of the said Act, important functions and duties have been entrusted to Area Sabhas. Under Section 13I, the mandatory functions of the Ward Committees have been laid down."



"6. On a plain reading of the provisions of Section 13C and Section 13H, it is apparent that both the provisions are mandatory in nature inasmuch as apart from the use of the word 'shall', important functions and duties have been assigned to the Area Sabhas as well as to the Ward Committees. Article 243S of the Constitution of India mandates that Ward Committees shall be constituted at ward level. In fact, Clause (4) of Article 243S provides that a member representing the concerned ward shall be the Chairperson of the concerned Ward Committee."

"7. For constituting the Area Sabha, the State Government has to exercise power under Section 13B for determination of areas. If said power is not yet exercised, the Government shall do so immediately so that after the General Ward Elections of the Corporation, the Area Sabhas can be constituted."



Order of the High Court of Karnataka at Bengaluru in Writ Petition No. 3506/2021 (Malavika Gubbivani & Ors. Vs. State of Karnataka & Ors.) for Mysuru City Corporation

"12. We may note here that it is the mandate of Article 243S of the Constitution of India to constitute the Ward Committees. For giving effect to the provisions of Article 243S of the Constitution of India, Section 13H has been added on the statute book. As per sub-section (1) of Section 13H of the said Act of 1976, there shall be a Ward Committee for each ward in the Corporation. In this case, there is no dispute that determination of wards has been made in terms of Section 21 of the said Act of 1976. What is required to be done is the exercise contemplated by sub-section (2) and sub-section (4) of Section 13H of the said Act of 1976. Under clause (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 13H of the said Act of 1976, ten members are required to be nominated by the Corporation. Under subsection (4) Section 13H of the said Act of 1976, the Commissioner is under an obligation to designate an officer of appropriate rank to act as the Secretary of each Ward Committee."



"13. Considering the constitutional mandate under Article 243S of the Constitution of India and the provisions of Section 13H of the said Act of 1976, the Corporation cannot postpone the decision of nominating ten members as provided in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 13H of the said Act of 1976. We fail to understand why the Commissioner has not exercised the power under Section 13H of the said Act of 1976 by appointing Secretaries for each of the Ward Committees."

14. Under Section 13I of the said Act of 1976, the functions of the Ward Committees have been laid down. One important function is of preparation and submission of Ward Development Scheme to the Corporation for allotment of funds. It is the duty of Ward Committees to ensure proper utilisation of the funds allotted under the Ward Development Scheme. There are several duties assigned to Ward Committees concerning the implementation of the programmes and schemes of the Corporation, maintenance of water supply, maintenance of sewerage system and creation of solid waste management and sanitation work in the ward. In fact, very important duty of ensuring maintenance of parks/open spaces has been entrusted to the Ward Committees. It is the obligation of the Ward Committees to ensure afforestation and implementation of rain water harvesting schemes. By not constituting Ward Committees, there is a complete violation of constitutional mandate under Article 243S of the Constitution of India."



"15. Section 13J of the said Act of 1976 reads thus:

"13J. Bye-laws.- Every Corporation to which this Chapter is made applicable shall notify byelaws for transaction of business and for finance and accounting procedures governing the working of Area Sabhas and Ward Committees, within six months from the date of coming into force of this Chapter in that Corporation."

Unless Bye-laws as aforesaid are made by the Corporation, Area Sabhas and Ward Committees will not be able to function effectively. In fact, in the absence of bye-laws, the provisions regarding Area Sabhas and Ward Committees cannot be implemented. Hence, a writ of mandamus will have to be issued to comply with the said obligation of notifying the bye-laws."